## Advance Care Planning Conversation

	Patient Name:	Today's Date:
		MM DD YYYY and beliefs for future healthcare. It is NOT consent for treatment. It will be viewed thts and reflections therefore please use their own words:
1.	Based on previous discussions with he what you have been told about your il	nealthcare providers, what is your understanding of your illness? Tell me llness. What do you expect to happen in the future?  This your illness expected to get worse over time? Do you think you may develop difficulty ings that are important to you?)
2.		nat you don't know would be helpful or important for you to know? s that you don't want to know?
3.	you enjoy and then think about how they impact you communicate with others, share a meal with loved of	ne. As you reflect on the questions below and your answers to them, it may help to think of activities for quality of life. For example, if you enjoy family gatherings, quality of life might mean being able to ones, be aware of yourself and your environment, read stories to your children or grandchildren etc your family or loves ones? What would make you feel undignified? Consider how you have made
	health related decisions in the past and what beliefs What brings quality to your life? What	s or values may have guided you.  do you value, or what is important in your life that gives it meaning? ble to recognize important people in your life, being able to communicate, being able to
4. -	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	if you have a critical illness or if you are near the end of your life.  nind? (E.g. struggling to breathe, being in pain, being alone, losing your dignity, n to your family and friends etc.)
5. •	Think about what brings quality to your lif What would you be willing to trade for the	reatments might be offered to you with the chance of gaining more time. e and what you value: e chance of gaining more of what you value or what's important to you? able to interact with others, had lost control of your bodily functions)
•	Or are the burdens of life support treatm	ents acceptable to you if there is even a slight chance of gaining more time? our condition was permanent or if there was little or no chance of recovery?
6. -		what might make the end more meaningful or peaceful for you? e, having spiritual rituals performed, listening to music etc.)
	there anyone who would provide valuable infe there anyone you would not want to provide i	ormation to your SDM to help them make future care decisions?
<i>No</i> In t to p The	ote to Healthcare Providers: the event that this person lacks the capacity to provide informed consent. It may provide inform	make healthcare decisions in the future, this conversation will be used to guide the SDM ation for the SDM to consider prior capable wishes and best interests of the patient. provider interpretations. The patient to whom this applies has reviewed this document
l aç	gree with the above statement $\;\;\Box$	
Hea	ealth Care Provider Name:	Health Care Provider Signature:

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Choosing your Substitute Decision Maker (SDM)  Think about the person(s) who will make healthcare decisions on your behalf if you are unable to. Ask yourself if the person(s) are:  • Willing to make future medical decisions for you?  • Able to make hard choices?  • Willing to talk with you to understand your goals, values and beliefs  • Willing to honour and follow your wishes to the extent possible when they apply  • Able to ask questions and advocate for you with doctors  • Willing to be present and understand your care needs and your condition when decisions need to be made  Substitute Decision Maker(s)  In Ontario, a substitute decision maker may be appointed through a formal process. You may choose your decision maker by appointing an Attorney for Personal Care. The other two categories are appointed by the legal system. If an SDM has been appointed please indicate below and fill in the contact information of the Guardian, Attorney for personal care or representative as the Primary SDM.  □ A court appointed Guardian  □ My Attorney(s) for Personal Care (POA)  □ A representative appointed by Consent and Capacity Board	If you do not appoint a Power of Attorney for Personal Care, in Ontario the following list outlines the rank order of who your automatic Substitute Decision Maker(s) will be:  1. Spouse or partner  2. Child or Parent  3. Parent with right of access only  4. Brother or Sister  5. Any relative  6. The office of the Public Guardian and Trustee  Your primary Substitute Decision Maker (SDM) is either the person you have appointed as your POA for personal care or the person(s) who are highest on the list above. Alternate SDMs will either be people you have appointed or the next people from the list above. Please enter contact information for your primary Substitute Decision Maker as well as Alternates:  Primary SDM:  Alt SDM:  Alt SDM:  Alt SDM:
	o": Date of most recent ACP:
Where is the previous version documented? Within POA PC documents Capacity to participate in an Advance Care Planning Conversation  The person understands and appreciates that:  These responses are to provide guidance for the SDM who will give that the person is not capable of speaking for himself or herself  Their SDM will be required to interpret these wishes to determine if the capable (3) are applicable to the decision that needs to be made. Find the healthcare decision that needs to be made  As long as the patient remains capable, he or she will be asked to make the property of the patient remains capable at any time as long as the patient remains capable at any time as long as	consent for future, not current, health care decisions in the event they: (1) are the most recent (2) expressed when the patient was nally, the SDM must interpret what the wishes mean in the context nake his or her own decisions